Rev 0 03/06/2016

INADVERTENT ICING ENCOUNTER

1. Pitot Heat Switch -- ON.

2. Turn back or change altitude to obtain an outside air temperature that is less conducive to icing.

- 3. Cabin Heat -- ON.
- 4. Defroster -- OPEN.
- 5. Engine -- INCREASE RPM/ VARY RPM.

5. Carburetor Heat -- AS REQUIRED (Lean the mixture for maximum RPM, if carburetor heat is used continuously).

Plan a landing at the nearest airport. With an extremely rapid ice build-up select a suitable emergency landing site.

WARNING

With an ice accumulation on the wing leading edges, be prepared for a significantly higher stall speeds.

- 7. Airspeed -- HIGHEST PRACTICAL.
- 8. Flaps -- UP (Do NOT attempt to lower flaps).
- 9. Use a forward slip, if necessary, for improved approach visibility.
- 10. Approach Airspeed -- HIGHEST PRACTICAL
- 11. Land in a slightly nose high attitude.

LANDING WITH A FLAT MAIN TIRE

- 1. Wing Flaps -- AS DESIRED.
- 2. Approach -- NORMAL.
- 3. Land in a slightly nose high attitude.
- 4. Touchdown—GOOD TIRE FIRST hold airplane off flat tire as long as possible with aileron control.

LANDING WITH A FLAT NOSEWHEEL TIRE

- 1. Wing Flaps -- AS DESIRED.
- 2. Approach -- NORMAL.
- 3. Land in a slightly nose high attitude.
- 4. Touchdown Hold nose wheel off runway as long as possible
- 5. Brakes Use brakes cautiously, allow aircraft to roll to a stopl.

AMMETER INDICATES DISCHARGE

1. Alternator Circuit Breaker -- CHECK /RESET.

NOTE

If Alternator Circuit Breaker tripped, wait 15 seconds to reset it.

- 2. Field Circuit Breaker -- CHECK
- 3. Alternator OFF (If Field Circuit Breaker is tripped).
- 4. Nonessential Radio and Electrical Equipment -- OFF.
- 5. Flight -- TERMINATE as soon as practical.

<u>NOTE</u>

PM. Contraction of the second Ammeter discharge indications may occur during low RPM conditions, such as during a low RPM taxi or idle. Under these circumstances/normal